

Vienna University of Technology

**INSTITUT FÜR ANGEWANDTE PHYSIK** Institute of Applied Physics vormals/formerly Institut für Allgemeine Physik



Wiedner Hauptstraße 8-10/E134, 1040 Wien/Vienna, Austria – Tel: +43 1 58801 13401 / Fax: +43 1 58801 13499 – E-mail: office@iap.tuwien.ac.at / http://www.iap.tuwien.ac.at

## **IAP-SEMINAR**

## **ANNOUNCEMENT**

| Date:<br>Time:<br>Location: | Tuesday, 30.6.2015<br>16:00 p.m.<br>Technische Universität Wien, Institut für Angewandte Physik, E134<br>yellow tower "B", 5 <sup>th</sup> floor, Seminarraum 134A (room number DB05L03)<br>1040 Wien, Wiedner Hauptstraße 8-10   |
|-----------------------------|---|
| Lecturer:                   | <b>DiplIng. Walid Hetaba</b><br>TU Wien, Universitäre Service Einrichtung für Transmissions-<br>Elektronenmikroskopie (USTEM) und Fritz-Haber-Institut der Max-<br>Planck-Gesellschaft, Berlin/D  |
| Subject:                    | The influence of coherence effects on inelastic electron scattering   |
| Abstract:                   | Electron energy loss spectrometry (EELS) in the transmission electron microscope (TEM) is used to investigate not only the chemical composition of a sample but also the electronic structure. Furthermore, interference effects in the TEM give rise to a number of powerful techniques.<br>Combined with electron channelling (energy losses by channelled electrons, ELCE), investigations can be performed in a site-specific manner. This was applied to Rutile in order to investigate the bonding situation and the atomic orbitals. Another powerful technique presented in this talk is energy-loss magnetic chiral dichroism (EMCD), which allows the investigation of the sample's magnetic properties. It was used to perform in-situ measurements on Heusler-alloys, which show a magneto-caloric effect related to a structural transformation. Furthermore, the change in magnetic moments due to the Verwey transition in magnetite was investigated.<br>For both techniques, ELCE and EMCD, dynamical diffraction strongly influences the measured signal, making simulations necessary for interpretation.<br>The reported advanced EELS techniques provide insight into the mechanisms of magnetic phase transitions as well as the bonding situation on a nm-scale. |

All interested colleagues are welcome to this seminar lecture (45 minutes presentation followed by discussion).

> H. Störi e.h. (LVA-Leiter)